The Pyongyang Times

No. 17 (495) SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1974 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly shakes hands with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, Pays Goodwill Visit to DPRK

Arrival in Pyongyang

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and Madame Sihanouk and company arrived in Pyongyang on April 12 by special train on a goodwill visit to our country.

The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife cordially met Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his entourage at the railway station.

That day the Pyongyang railway station plaza was crowded with working people in the city to welcome the Cambodian guests.

A portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great revolutionary leader, and a portrait of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, were set up with due respect in the centre of the station plaza.

Hung side by side on the wall of the station building were national flags of Korea and Cambodia and the slogans: "Long live the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea!"

High in the clear sky above the entrance of the railway station plaza on the spring day of April were floating big balloons from which were suspended the streamers reading "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live Samdech Norodom Sihanouk!" and national flags of Korea and Cambodia. Below the balloons was seen a gaily-decorated welcome arch.

Present at the railway station were Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrade O Jin U and his wife, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Comrade Kim Yong Ju, Comrade Choe Jae U and Chairman Hwang Jang Yop of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly.

Also present were Chairmen of the Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council, and responsible functionaries of working people's organizations, generals of the Korean People's Army and responsible men in the field of the press.

Among those who came out there were staff members of the Royal Embassy of Cambodia and diplomatic envoys of foreign countries and Cambodian students studying in our country.

At 5 p.m. the special train carrying the guests pulled into the railway station.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and warmly hugged him and exchanged greetings with the guests accompanying him.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk were accompanied by Princess Norodom Keth Kanya, aunt of the Head of State of Cambodia; Madame Pomme Peang, mother of Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk; the wife of Prince Sisowath Methavi; Princess Norodom Bopha Debi, daughter of the Head of State of Cambodia, and her husband; Prince Norodom Yuvaneath and Prince Norodom Chakrapong, sons of the Head of State of Cambodia; Keat Chhon, Minister Delegate to the Prime Minister of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia, and his wife; and Ang Kim Khoan, Ambassador of the Kingdom of Cambodia to the DPRK, and his wife; and others.

Lovely children dressed in their holiday best presented the guests with fragrant flowers imbued with friendly sentiments.

A grand function was held at the station plaza to welcome Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea.

The national anthem of Cambodia and the Patriotic Song of our country were solemnly played and a 21-gun salute was fired.

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Speech of President KIM IL SUNG

at Banquet

Esteemed Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk,

Esteemed Cambodian guests,

Comrades and friends,

We are now very happy to meet again and sit together like this with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, our most intimate comrade-in-arms, brother and friend, Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk and other Cambodian guests.

At this place overflowing with the feelings of fraternal friendship, I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and in my own, warmly welcome Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk and other Cambodian guests who have accompanied Samdech here.

I also avail myself of this opportunity to once again warmly congratulate Her Majesty Queen Sisowath Kossamak, mother of Samdech Head of State, on having recovered her health and celebrated her 70th birthday some days ago.

This time Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk have come again to our country. This stems from their particularly fraternal intimacy with us, which deeply touches us.

The current visit of Samdech Head of State clearly shows how deep and solid the fraternal amity between us and the militant friendship and solidarity between the two peoples are at present.

It gives us great pleasure to receive Samdech again today when the situation in Cambodia is developing in favour of the Cambodian people as never before.

Through our meeting with the delegation of the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia which visited our country just a few days ago, we became more convinced that the Cambodian people who are winning victory after victory in the anti-US national salvation struggle, rallied firmly under the banner of the National United Front of Kampuchea with Samdech Head of State Norodom Sihanouk as its Chairman, will certainly greet before long the day of great victory—the day of completely liberating the whole territory of Cambodia.

Now in Cambodia, the US imperialist aggressors have sunk into an irretrievable quagmire of setback and the fate of the traitorous Lon Nol clique, their stooges, is coming to an end.

In the past period, too, through his energetic and diversified state activities, Samdech has tremendously increased the international prestige of the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia and accomplished great feats in encouraging the Cambodian people to the victory in the struggle against US aggression and for national salvation.

Samdech participated in the historic 4th Summit Conference of Non-aligned States and grandly demonstrated to the whole world that the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia is the only legitimate government in Cambodia.

Samdech revisited the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam sometime ago and also paid a visit to the liberated zone of Laos, thus further consolidating the indestructible militant friendship and solidarity among the peoples of the three countries of Cambodia, Viet Nam and Laos.

We highly evaluate the strong will and indomitable struggle of Samdech Head of State who fights valiantly against imperialist aggression and for the dignity and honour of the independent Cambodian people, not yielding to any adversity, and warmly congratulate him on the fine successes he has achieved in this struggle.

Moreover, always remembering our Korea, Samdech Head of State has conducted positive activities in the international arena in support of our people's just cause of the socialist construction and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

For this, I would like to take this opportunity to extend my profound thanks to Samdech Head of State.

Big obstacles are still lying in the way of our country's independent and peaceful reunification owing to the machinations of US imperialism and its stooges to provoke war and perpetuate national split. But the situation as a whole keeps developing in our favour and to the disadvantage of the enemy.

In an attempt to save themselves from their catastrophic crisis, the US imperialists and the south Korean authorities are further intensifying their fascist repression of the south Korean people and deliberately aggravating the tension between the north and the south, raising noisy "anti-communist" clamours.

However, this is a foolish act, from which they will get nothing.

As was well proved by the recent new proposal advanced by the Supreme People's Assembly of our country to conclude a peace agreement between our Republic and the United States, we are always making every sincere effort for the peaceful solution of the Korean question.

The United States should naturally accept our peace-loving suggestion, if it is really interested in the peaceful settlement of the Korean question as a signatory to the Korean Armistice Agreement.

If the United States does not want to directly negotiate with our Republic, it would be all right only if it stops all forms of interference in the internal affairs of our country and withdraws its troops from south Korea, so that a way can be opened for the Koreans to solve the reunification question for themselves independently.

If the US government continues to follow its present course, rejecting this and that, it will only suffer greater reverses.

In order to realize the national aspiration for the peaceful reunification of the country, the people in the northern half of the Republic are vigorously pushing ahead with the grand socialist construction, upholding the line of our Party, and the student youths and people in south Korea have courageously turned out in the struggle against fascism and for democracy.

The Korean people will certainly accomplish the cause of the country's peaceful reunification with the ever-increasing support and encouragement of the peace-loving countries and peoples of the world.

Comrades and friends,

The US imperialists have been trounced and lacerated in Korea, Cambodia and many other parts of Asia and are sinking deeper into hot water as the days go by. This vividly shows that both their direct armed aggression and their acts of neo-colonialist aggression against Asian countries through their lackeys have failed.

The voices calling for independence are now mounting higher in the whole areas of Asia and the US imperialists will surely be driven out of this region to the last man in the not distant future.

We will, as ever, firmly unite not only with the revolutionary peoples in Asia but also with all the progressive peoples the world over and fight more dynamically to bring earlier the doomsday of imperialism headed by US imperialism.

At this place overflowing with the joy of meeting again Samdech Head of State Norodom Sihanouk, our most intimate friend, Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk and their entourage, I propose a toast

to the final victory of the Cambodian people in the anti-US national salvation struggle,

to the everlasting militant friendship and solidarity between the Korean people and the Cambodian people,

to the solidarity of the progressive peoples in Asia and the rest of the world,

to the good health and long life of esteemed Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk,

to the health of the distinguished Cambodian guests,

to the health of the diplomatic envoys of various countries and their wives, and

to the health of all comrades and friends present here.

Speech of Samdech NORODOM SIHANOUK

at Banquet

Most respected Your Excellency Mr. Marshal Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

Each year, at this time, when your most glorious, august birthday is celebrated, I have the great honour and great happiness of coming to the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea and to its fascinating capital Pyongyang so beautiful, so developed and radiant, to present to Your Excellency illustrious, respected and beloved leader of the entire Korean people and the whole Korean nation the most cordial, emotional and grateful salutations, warmest felicitations and fervent wishes of the Khmer people, their National United Front, their Royal Government of National Union and their National Liberation People's Armed Forces and their Head of State and Her Majesty Queen.

Each time I come close to Your Excellency and the valiant Korean people every year, most respected Your Excellency, most respected Madame President Kim Song Ae, Their Excellencies eminent personalities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the fraternal Korean people accorded me, and my wife and all my compatriots who accompanied me solemn and grandiose welcome and hospitality replete with warmest friendship and most fraternal cordiality.

Allow me to express thanks to you from the bottom of my heart for this and, on this happy occasion, renew my assurances to you of eternal gratitude of the Khmer people, their NUFK, their RGNUC, their CNLPAF and their Head of State for your powerful, constant and full support and your important and multiform aid accorded to our sacred struggle of national liberation.

Most respected Your Excellency Mr. Marshal Kim Il Sung, Head of State of Korea,

Most respected Madame President Kim Song Ae,

Respected Your Excellencies, MM and Mmes eminent personalities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

Esteemed Your Excellencies MM heads of diplomatic missions and Mesdames,

Esteemed friends,

Dear compatriots,

His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great, respected and beloved leader of the Korean people, in the magnificent and moving speech which he had the goodness to deliver at the beginning of this brilliant and important banquet generously offered in honour of our delegation, paid homage to the heroism of our Khmer people and to the shining and incessant successes in their struggle for saving the nation, the successes attained in the military fields and other fields (political, diplomatic, etc. ...).

I express to most respected His Excellency Marshal our profound and emotional gratitude for his high appreciation full of praises which gives immense encouragement to our national resistance.

Since His Excellency the great leader of the Korean people had the goodness to recall our struggle and its successes and exalted its importance and great significance and our brother Khieu Samphan, the authentic representative of our people and the No. one figure responsible for their armed struggle against US imperialism has already had the honour of presenting to you a complete exposition of this struggle and a sufficient report on the revolutionary work in the liberated zones of our people, their NUFK and their RGNUC, I will not deprive you of time by repeating what has already been mentioned, and mentioned excellently, before my arrival in Pyongyang.

Allow me to simply underline the following particular aspects of the Cambodian problems:

Firstly, certain observers in the world are astonished at the fact that, contrary to our own hope expressed last year, we are not capable of bringing the final victory to the Cambodian battlefield in the present dry season.

The answer to this question posed by foreign observers is simple. After all, the big press of the USA itself answers it by admitting that without the direct protection, powerful support and colossal military, economic and financial and other aid accorded by the USA to the moribund regime and deliquescent army of super-traitor Lon Nol, this regime and this army would have been totally destroyed in a few days by our national resistance. For the year 1974, the Government of the USA will double the amount of aid to the so-called "Republic" of Phnom Penh lifting it up to 650 million US dollars, whereas, last year, the total amount of the US aid to Lon Nol was over 300 million US dollars, which was already enormous.

The Cambodian problem is not ascribable to a "civil war". It is a problem of aggression of the USA, the strongest and richest nation in the world, against the Khmer people, a very small and poor people.

We are, therefore, extremely grateful to our dear brother and comrade-in-arms, the heroic Korean people, and to their glorious leader, His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, who did us justice by stressing that the small Khmer people dare affront without retreating or accepting compromise the most powerful, most cruel and barbaric and most obstinate aggressor and imperialism in the world and human history.

Secondly, there is much talk in these days about "probable negotiations" between the "Khmers rouges," that is, the Khmer patriots who are fighting heroically the US aggressor under the leadership of our brother Khieu Samphan, and the "Khmers bleus," that is, the Phnom Penh traitors, the valets of US imperialism, with Lon Nol at their head. They justify their "prognostic" concerning a very imminent political solution of the Khmer problem by pointing to the formation in Laos of a government of "national coalition", composed, half and half, of the Lao patriots-revolutionaries and Lao "rightists".

But, the Khmer problem and the Lao problem have very different aspects juridical and constitutional. They cannot be put on "parallel" or assimilated with each other.

As for the Head of State of the Kingdom and Chairman of the United National Front of Kampuchea, I have the honour of solemnly confirming you what our brother Khieu Samphan has already had the honour of telling you, that the Khmers of the NUFK, the RGNUC and the CNLPAF will never accept negotiation with and never reconcile themselves to the "Lonnolite" traitors and the traitors of the so-called "third force".

As to the USA, we resolutely demand that it unconditionally and totally dismantle without delay its neo-colonial military system established in Phnom Penh and in the area one tenth of our national territory and let the Cambodians solve all their problems by themselves without any outside interference.

Otherwise, we are prepared to continue to fight successful battles with arms in our hands till we win final victory, which is inevitable. We have not sent a single Cambodian to America to menace the lives of the Americans; we are only defending the sacred soil of our fatherland and our inalienable right to national self-determination and independence and national unity.

Thirdly, some "pacifists" in the world accuse the NUFK, the RGNUC and the CNLPAF of being "bellicists" and creating obstacles to the achievement of total and lasting peace in Indochina and Southeast Asia.

This accusation is totally unjust. Because we Khmers deeply love peace and will always remain true to the ideal of peace. However, there are two sorts of peace. One is genuine peace and the other is false "peace".

The American imperialists headed by Richard Nixon and Henry Kissinger try to impose false and unjust "peace" upon Cambodia and many other countries of the third world falling directly or indirectly victims to their aggression and neo-colonial policy.

As for our country Cambodia, the Washington government tries to impose upon us "peace" without national independence and national unity and without territorial integrity; it is "peace" for maintaining to the last the US neo-colonial system which the extremely corrupt traitorous Lon Nol clique serve and "peace" based on the de facto partition of the country making it possible for the USA to exercise indefinitely its neo-colonial power for its control, oppressive policy, economic exploitation and military aggression in a part of our country. If we accept this sort of "peace", it will mean death to us.

Besides, it is our duty to stress that it is also for the interests of all the people of the world that our people have shed much blood in the battlefield of Cambodia for more than 4 years.

It is not difficult to imagine what would become of the destiny of the world people who are facing the unlimited diabolical ambition of US imperialism and the Nixon regime, if they accept compromise with the US "devils." Even Western European countries which are much bigger, infinitely richer and more developed than our country are not outside the neo-colonial target of US imperialism and the Nixon regime.

Richard Nixon, new Hitler, did not hesitate to declare very shamelessly recently that the European countries should be under the "leadership", that is, domination in the worst sense of the term, of the USA.

If the world people shirk their responsibility to unite and struggle to beat down US imperialism and its servants, it will turn our planet into a vast ground of US exploitation and, consequently, it will become a universe of miseries and sufferings, slavery and humiliation.

We can, therefore, conclude that the armed struggle of the small Khmer people is a most important factor in saving the universe. It would be proper to totally foil famous "magician" Henry Kissinger's sinister "juggling number" intended to impose unjust negotiations and false peace upon Cambodia.

Most respected Your Excellency Mr. Marshal Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

Most respected Madame President Kim Song Ae,

Respected Your Excellencies MM and Mmes eminent personalities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

Esteemed Your Excellencies MM heads of diplomatic missions and Mesdames,

Esteemed friends,

We Khmer people deem it happiness and honour to have as their comrade-in-arms the heroic Korean people led by the beloved illustrious leader Marshal Kim Il Sung who led the heroic Korean people to the greatest victory over the US aggressors and we are sincerely rejoiced over the recent extraordinary successes startling the whole world made by the DPRK in all spheres.

The fraternal Korean people under the wise leadership of Your Excellency President Kim Il Sung, Head of State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, have thoroughly embodied his great Juche idea and the revolutionary line of independence, self-support and self-defence in all spheres of revolution and construction and converted in a brief span of time their once backward country into a very developed socialist industrial state with complete political independence, independent and very prospering powerful national economy and very strong defence power and brilliant national culture.

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The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Messages of Congratulations from RPR Central Committee and Chongryon Central Standing Committee on His 62nd Birthday

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great revolutionary leader, received a message of greetings from the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and a congratulatory message from the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) on the occasion of his 62nd birthday.

Greeting the 62nd birthday of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of immortal Juche idea and genius of revolution, the messages extended the greatest honour and warmest congratulations to him and reverentially wished him good health and a long life for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and the victory of the cause of socialism and communism and for the eternal prosperity of the generations to come.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, poses for a photograph with the artists of the Mansudae Art Troupe after seeing their song and dance performance

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader, together with Samdech NORODOM SIHANOUK, Head of State of Cambodia,

Sees Song and Dance Performance Given by Mansudae Art Troupe

The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, who is on a goodwill visit to our country, saw a song and dance performance given by artists of the Mansudae Art Troupe at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre on the evening of April 15.

Seeing the performance were distinguished Cambodian guests who are accompanying Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and his wife on a visit to our country.

Also seeing the performance were Vice-President Choi Yong Kun, Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk; and Members and Alternate Members of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Secretaries of the Central Committee of the Party, Vice-Premiers of the Administration Council, Department Directors of the Central Committee of the Party, Chairmen of Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council, responsible functionaries of working people's organizations and Pyongyang City Party and power organs, generals of the Korean People's Army, responsible men in the fields of education, culture, art and the press and working people in the city.

In the audience were all the members of the Korean Art Troupe in Japan, and the congratulatory group of the Korean traders and manufacturers in Japan who came to the homeland to celebrate the 62nd birthday of the leader and are spending significant days and the 15th home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan.

Staff members of the Royal Embassy of Cambodia and Cambodian students studying in our country also saw the performance.

When the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the NUFK, appeared in the box amid the loud strains of the welcome music, the audience warmly welcomed them with the cheers of "manse! manse!" (hurrah) and thunderous applause rocking the hall.

Women artists presented baskets of flowers marked with their sincerity to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and to Samdech Norodom Sihanouk.

Prior to the performance, the national anthem of Cambodia and the Patriotic Song of our country were solemnly played.

The performance raised the curtain with choruses "Song to Marshal Kim Il Sung", "Glory to Samdech Norodom Sihanouk" and "Forward through General Mobilization to Grand Socialist Construction." Included in the programme were dances "New Spring", "Girls in a Guerilla Base", "Silk-reeling Girls", "A Fruitful Year", "A Red Glow of Kangson" and other works which depict the flaming resolution of our people to remain faithful to the leader, attending him in high esteem till the end of the sun and the moon, works which reflect the infinite national pride and joy of our people who are defending and carrying forward the brilliant revolutionary traditions established by the leader in the period of the glorious anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and constantly making a leap forward in the revolution and construction under the wise guidance of the leader and works which sing of the fraternal and militant friendship and solidarity between our people and the Cambodian people.

In particular, the audience was deeply moved by the song "Pyongyang" written and composed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, a song dedicated to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on his 62nd birthday.

The solemn melody of the chorus carrying deep reverence cherished by the Cambodian people for our leader and fraternal friendship cherished by the Cambodian people for our people keenly touched the responsive chord in the hearts of the audience and made them renew the unshakable resolve to strengthen still more the militant bonds with the fighting Cambodian people and carry the cause of the anti-imperialist struggle to completion, firmly joining hands with them.

The dance "Long Live the Cambodian National Liberation People's Armed Forces" impressively portrayed the indomitable fighting spirit and heroic struggle of the Cambodian people against the US imperialists and their stooges and for the complete liberation of the country.

The finale of the performance was splendidly decorated with the song and dance "May the Leader Enjoy a Long Life in Good Health" sincerely wishing the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung good health and a long life for the prosperity and development of the socialist fatherland and the country's independent and peaceful reunification and for the cause of socialism and communism and the cause of world revolution.

The performance won the warm welcome and acclaim of the audience for its high ideological and artistic value fully showing the superiority and vitality of the popular and revolutionary "Juche-based art" of our country.

At the end of the performance, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk mounted the stage amid the stormy cheers of "manse!" shaking the hall again and conveyed baskets of flowers to the artists congratulating them on their successful performance and posed for a photograph with them.

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The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk reviewed a guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army.

The guests cordially responded to the hearty cheers of the welcomers that shook the whole plaza.

Banquet

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, together with his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae, arranged a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on the evening of April 12 in honour of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and his wife.

The national anthem of Cambodia and the Patriotic Song of our country were played at the banquet.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made a welcome speech.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk spoke next.

The banquet proceeded in an amicable atmosphere overflowing with militant friendship and fraternal amity.

A performance was given by artists of the Mansudae Art Troupe at the banquet.

Film Show and Inspection

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae, paid on the evening of the 13th a call on Samdech Norodom Sihanouk staying at the guest house and saw with Samdech Head of State and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk the Korean documentary film "Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, Takes a Rest in Our Country" and the Korean colour feature film "A Girl Director".

The documentary film impressively depicts the sojourn in our country of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk in July and August last year. During his stay, he spent pleasant and fruitful days for rest, receiving warm welcome and hospitality of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and our people. And his visit contributed to further consolidating the militant friendship and solidarity forged between the peoples of Korea and Cambodia.

After seeing the films Samdech Norodom Sihanouk expressed deep thanks to President Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of the Korean people, who called on him at the guest house in person and saw the films together. He said that the feature film "A Girl Director" was an excellent film of great educational significance.

Saying that thanks to the great solicitude shown by the great leader His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, he had toured most of the scenic spots in Korea, Samdech Head of State stressed that Korea presents a virtual paradise everywhere and this paradise could be built only under the wise leadership of His Excellency Marshal.

On April 14, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and other Cambodian guests inspected the Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Memorial.

When he made the rounds of the exhibition halls of the Memorial, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk said: it is worthy of admiration that this mammoth and magnificent Memorial was built in a short span of time. This Memorial is highly instrumental in education.

The guests expressed irrepressible admiration especially before the huge panoramic picture of the battle for the liberation of Taejon, a round-shaped picture showing a great example set by the great leader—in compliance with the demands of modern warfare he developed the superb tactics created by himself as far back as the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and overpowered the numerical and technical superiority of the enemy with the strategical and tactical superiority.

Looking at the picture, Samdech Sihanouk said that it is one more masterpiece.

He said: The Korean People's Army owes its great victory in the battle for the liberation of Taejon entirely to the brilliant command of most respected His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung.

I warmly hail the great and fine successes registered by the Korean People's Army which deserves the high praise of most respected His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, national hero and the liberator of mankind.

Leaving the Memorial, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk remarked:

I express thanks to most respected His Excellency great Marshal Kim Il Sung for having accorded us great solicitude and honour by giving us a chance to visit this wonderful Memorial today.

We have learned much here.

This Memorial showed us very useful things in keeping up our historic struggle against the US imperialist aggressors, the common enemy.

I felt once again that you could achieve these successes, because most respected His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung brilliantly led the Korean people filled with infinite love for their fatherland and their leader to wage such a heroic struggle.

The Samdech presented a souvenir to the Memorial.

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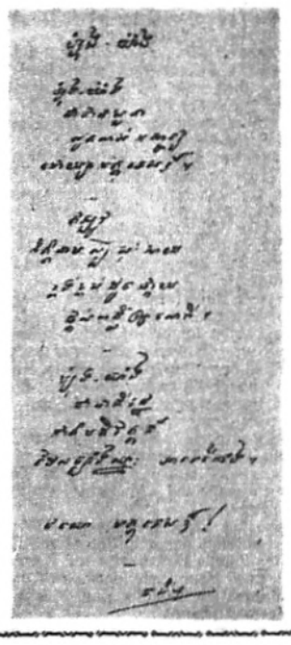
During his sojourn, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk received Le Dong, Ambassador of the Democratic Republic of Viet Nam, and Ho Cong Kieu, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Embassy of the Republic of South Viet Nam, Yassir al Farra, Ambassador of the Syrian Arab Republic, V.K. Kumer, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Embassy of the Republic of India, and Fernando Murillo Viana, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Embassy of the Chilean President Allende Government, in Pyongyang.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk had friendly conversations with them.

Marking the 62nd birthday of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, sent his song titled "PYONGYANG" to him. Here are words in English translation:



PYONGYANG

Pyongyang is a paradise,
Her wonderful progress
Owes to FATHERLY LEADER

Today, her fame is immense,
Her prestige is as high as star,
Throwing lights over the world

Pyongyang is
Capital of national revolution,
She beat American aggressors

Long live FATHERLY LEADER!

Works of Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader,

Published in Many Countries

The Sweden-Korea Friendship Association put out a collection of the immortal classics of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, "On the Work of the Women's Union", and his immortal work "Let Us Achieve National Reunification and World Peace through Struggle" in pamphlet form.

The works of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung were published in pamphlet form: "Let Us Prevent a National Split and Reunify the Country" by the Peruvian publishing house Siglo Veinte and the Indian publishing house Mozaik; "Socialist Constitution of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" by the Nepal-Korea Friendship Association, the All India-Korea Friendship Association, and the Ecuadorian publishing house Volt Taz; "Let Us Strengthen the Training of Technical Personnel to Meet the New Requirements of Socialist Construction" by the All India-Korea Friendship Association, the Nepalese publishing house Singh; and "New Year Address" (1974) by the Burmese publishing house Mitamo and the Finnish publishing house Krushibi.

Works of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung—"On Some Experiences of the Democratic and Socialist Revolutions in Our Country", "On the Successful Accomplishment of the Technical Revolution", "The Duty of Mothers in the Education of Children", "The Duty of Scientists and Technicians in the Carrying Out of the Technical Revolution" were published in book form in Hindi by the All India-Korea Friendship Association.

The respectful portrait of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is printed in the collection of works and in every pamphlet.

Speech of Samdech NORODOM SIHANOUK at Banquet

(Continued from Page 1)

The Korean people are now effecting astonishing revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist construction of the DPRK to capture ahead of schedule all the heights of the grandiose Six-Year Plan set forth by the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea before October 10, 1975, the 30th anniversary of the historical founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea and attain the ten major goals of economic construction under the next perspective plan and are making ever shining successes in this struggle.

The Third Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea held shortly ago adopted a law on the complete abolition of taxation system and proclaimed to the whole world that the DPRK has become the world's first tax-free country.

The DPRK has pursued a foreign policy based on complete independence, justice and peace and its international prestige is steadily rising and international position keeps strengthening.

The Khmer people, their NUFK, their RGNUC, their CNLPAF and their Head of State are sincerely rejoiced as over their own over all these great successes made by the fraternal Korean people under the leadership of the respected and beloved leader His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung and sincerely and enthusiastically and very warmly hail them.

The people of Cambodia, their NUFK, their RGNUC and their CNLPAF and their Head of State fully support the fair and reasonable proposals of the Government of the DPRK for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, particularly, the five-point proposition of national reunification advanced by most respected President Kim Il Sung on June 23, 1973 and the proposition of national reunification newly clarified by him on March 4, 1974.

They also fully support the new propositions advanced at the recent Third Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK to create prerequisites for the removal of the tension in Korea and promotion of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

They express their firm position and firm will to actively and fully support in the future, too, by all means the just and noble struggle of the fraternal Korean people for the independent and peaceful reunification of their country.

They sternly denounce the base manoeuvre of the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to create "two Koreas" and categorically maintain that the US imperialist aggressor troops going under the mask of the "UN forces" must stop at once their aggressive manoeuvres and unconditionally and completely withdraw from south Korea so the Korean people may solve the crucial problem of the reunification of the fatherland by themselves without foreign interference.

They underline the necessity of isolating more completely, on the international scale, the Pak Jung Hi clique of puppets and traitors, the dual valets of the US and Japanese imperialists, in order to accelerate Korea's independent and peaceful reunification.

They also denounce with vehemence and indignation the criminal fascist suppression campaign of the Pak Jung Hi clique, the campaign directed against the south Korean population, and underline once again the necessity of realizing the democratization of the society and the peaceful reunification of the country without any interference of foreign forces.

It is with sentiments marked by immovable faith in the bright future of Korea finally reunified under the guidance of His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, her national hero, her liberator and her unique leader, that I, in my own name and in the name of the Khmer people and in the august name of Her Majesty Queen Sisowath Kossamak of Cambodia, propose a toast

to the health, to the longevity and to the glory of His Excellency Marshal Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,

to the health and to the longevity of Madame President Kim Song Ae,

to the grandeur of the DPRK and new grandiose successes in its socialist construction,

to the prosperity and happiness of the Korean people,

to the independent and peaceful reunification of their fatherland,

to the friendship and solidarity uniting eternally the Khmer and Korean peoples and to their common victory over US imperialism and its valets,

to the common victory of the revolutionary, progressive and socialist peoples of Asia, Africa, Arab, Latin America and Europe over imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism, racism and Zionism and all other vile forces,

to the health of Their Excellencies MM and Mmes personalities of the DPRK,

to the health of Their Excellencies MM heads of diplomatic missions and their wives present here and

to the health of the dear friends and dear compatriots present here.

The Korean Art Troupe from Japan Gives Performance in Pyongyang, Honoured by the Presence of the Great Leader President KIM IL SUNG

Honoured by the presence of the fatherly leader, a performance of the Korean art troupe visiting the homeland from Japan was given on April 14, the eve of the greatest jubilee of the nation, at the People's Palace of Culture newly built on the bank of the Potong-gang River.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, saw the performance together with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and his wife on a goodwill visit to our country.

Seeing the performance were Vice-President Choi Yong Kun and Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk; Members and Alternate Members of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Party; Secretaries of the Central Committee of the Party; Vice-Premiers of the Administration Council; chairmen of committees and ministers of the Administration Council; responsible functionaries of working people's organizations and Pyongyang city Party and power organs; generals of the Korean People's Army; responsible men of science, education, culture, art and the press; and working people, artists and soldiers in the city.

The members of the visiting congratulatory group of Korean traders and manufacturers in Japan and the 15th home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan also saw the performance.

Invited to see the performance were the entourage of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and staffers of the Royal Embassy of Cambodia in Pyongyang.

When the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, together with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, appeared in the box amid the playing of the welcoming music, the entire audience enthusiastically welcomed them with the rousing cheers of "manse! manse!" and thunderous applause.

The women members of the Korean art troupe from Japan presented baskets of flowers to the respected and beloved leader and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, carrying the warm feelings of the entire members of the art troupe.

The performance began with the solemn choruses of "Song of General Kim Il Sung" and "Forward under the Uplifted Banner of Kim Il Sung-ism", revolutionary paeans sung in infinite reverence for the great leader. The performance divided into two parts won high acclamation of the audience.

The numbers reflected the feelings of infinite adoration of the compatriots in Japan for the tender-hearted fatherly leader who restored the lost fatherland for them who had suffered all manner of sorrows, gave them the honour of being overseas citizens of Juche Korea and has looked after their life down to all details with his infinitely deep love. The works also expressed their fiery determination to remain faithful to him with single-heartedness generation after generation; they are paeans of ardent allegiance of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan congratulating the great leader on his 62nd birthday from the bottom of their hearts and reverentially wishing him good health and a long life.

The performance of the Korean artists from Japan in which the leader's unique idea on the overseas compatriots movement and his Juche-based outstanding thought of literature and art are embodied was acclaimed by the audience for its high political and ideological value, its life-like representation of the sentiments of the compatriots in their worthwhile and hopeful life and for the wonderful acting of the artists.

When the performance was over, all the artists and entire audience rose and loudly sang in chorus the song "Long Life and Good Health to the Leader", reverentially wishing good health and a long life to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of our Party and our people and the tender-hearted father, for the reunification of our fatherland and the prosperity of the generations to come and for the victory of the cause of socialism and communism.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, in company with Head of State of Cambodia Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, conveyed a basket of flowers to the art troupe congratulating it on its successful performance.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, received on April 14 the Korean art troupe and the congratulatory group of Korean traders and manufacturers in Japan which came to the homeland to celebrate his 62nd birthday and are spending significant days and the 15th home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan.

Present on the occasion were all the members of the Korean art troupe in Japan headed by Pae Byong Du, Director of the Propaganda Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), the congratulatory group of Korean traders and manufacturers in Japan headed by Ra Jong Do, Vice-Chairman of the Federation of Korean Traders and Manufacturers in Japan, and the 15th home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan headed by Son Ryang Su, Chairman of the Shimane Prefectural Association of Traders and Manufacturers of the Federation of Korean Traders and Manufacturers in Japan.

On hand there were Comrade Vice-President Choi Yong Kun, Comrade Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrades Choe Hyon, O Jin U, Kim Jung Rin, Pak Sung Chul, Kim Yong Ju, Kim Song Ae and Vice-Chairman Kim Ju Yong of the Korean National Peace Committee.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly shook hands one by one with the compatriots from Japan and had a cordial talk with them. Then he posed for a photograph with them.

The leader gave precious gifts to all the members of the Korean art troupe, the congratulatory group of Korean traders and manufacturers and the 15th home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan.

Having the honour of directly meeting the fatherly leader whom they had always revered so deeply and receiving his precious gifts, the compatriots from Japan hardened the determination to remain loyal forever to the leader generation after generation, bearing deep in mind today's emotion and joy and fight staunchly for the acceleration of national reunification and in defence of the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan. They shouted again and again "Long live the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung!" wishing the leader good health and a long life.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, gave a dinner party on the evening of the 14th at the People's Palace of Culture for the Korean art troupe and the congratulatory group of Korean traders and manufacturers visiting the homeland from Japan.

The party was attended by the members of the Korean art troupe, the congratulatory group of Korean traders and manufacturers and the members of the 15th home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan.

At the party the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the members of the Korean art troupe, the congratulatory group of Korean traders and manufacturers and the 15th group of compatriots visiting the socialist fatherland from Japan, a faraway alien land, and gave highly important teachings, which would serve as a guiding principle in the work and life of Chongryon and compatriots in Japan.

Head of the Korean art troupe Pae Byong Du spoke on behalf of the compatriots from Japan now staying in the homeland.

After the speech Korean artists from Japan courteously presented to the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, a basket of flowers, carrying the warmest congratulations and infinite reverence of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan in the name of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, amid the loud applause of the attendants.

The fatherly leader met the members of the art troupe, the congratulatory group and the home-visiting group one by one and drank a toast, wishing them great successes in their work for the prosperity and development of the country and the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

At the party the compatriots from Japan staying in the homeland drank a toast reverentially wishing the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung good health and a long life.

The dinner party proceeded in an atmosphere overflowing with feelings of allegiance to the fatherly leader.

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Korean Art Troupe, Congratulatory Group of Korean Traders and Manufacturers and 15th Home-Visiting Group of Compatriots from Japan

Newly Built Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Memorial Inaugurated with Splendour in the Presence of Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

The Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Memorial in Pyongyang was inaugurated with splendour on April 11 in the presence of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

From early morning, working people in the city and People's Army soldiers gathered at the memorial located in the Pipa Street on the bank of the Potong-gang River, singing songs of loyalty and holding flowers and balloons in their hands.

The memorial with a total floor space of 52,000 square metres is one more proud creation of the Workers' Party age which has been built in a little more than one year.

This memorial is a grand monumental edifice showing the consummation of the outstanding idea and theory, strategy and tactics of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on the military affairs.

Set up in place of honour at the site of inauguration was a portrait of the respected and beloved leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great military strategist and ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander.

Floating high in the sky above the site were big balloons from which were suspending the words "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!"

At 10 a.m. the respected and beloved leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung arrived at the memorial.

That moment, waves of flowers rolled with the thunderous cheers "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!"

Working people and People's Army soldiers were overflowing with boundless emotion and joy.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was greeted by Comrades Choe Hyon, O Jin U and Li Yong Mu on the spot.

The Patriotic Song was solemnly played.

The leader reviewed a guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army.

Amid cheers of "manse" (hurrah) rising from among the crowd, girl soldiers presented bouquets of fragrant flowers to the great leader carrying the infinite reverence and loyalty of the entire men and officers of the People's Army.

The fatherly leader, his face beaming with a benign smile, waved to the crowds.

The leader cut the red tape hanging across the entrance to the memorial to declare the Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Memorial open.

That moment, loud cheers burst forth again, waves of flowers rose, and hundreds of, thousands of balloons soared high into the sky to form a rainbow of seven colours.

The great leader entered the memorial and saw the exhibits one by one.

Also going round the memorial were Members and Alternate Members of the Political Committee of the Party Central Committee, Secretaries of the Party Central Committee, Vice-Premiers of the Administration Council, department directors of the Party Central Committee, chairmen of committees and ministers of the Administration Council, responsible personages of the working people's organizations and Pyongyang City Party and power bodies, generals of the People's Army and responsible personages of science, education, culture, art and the press.

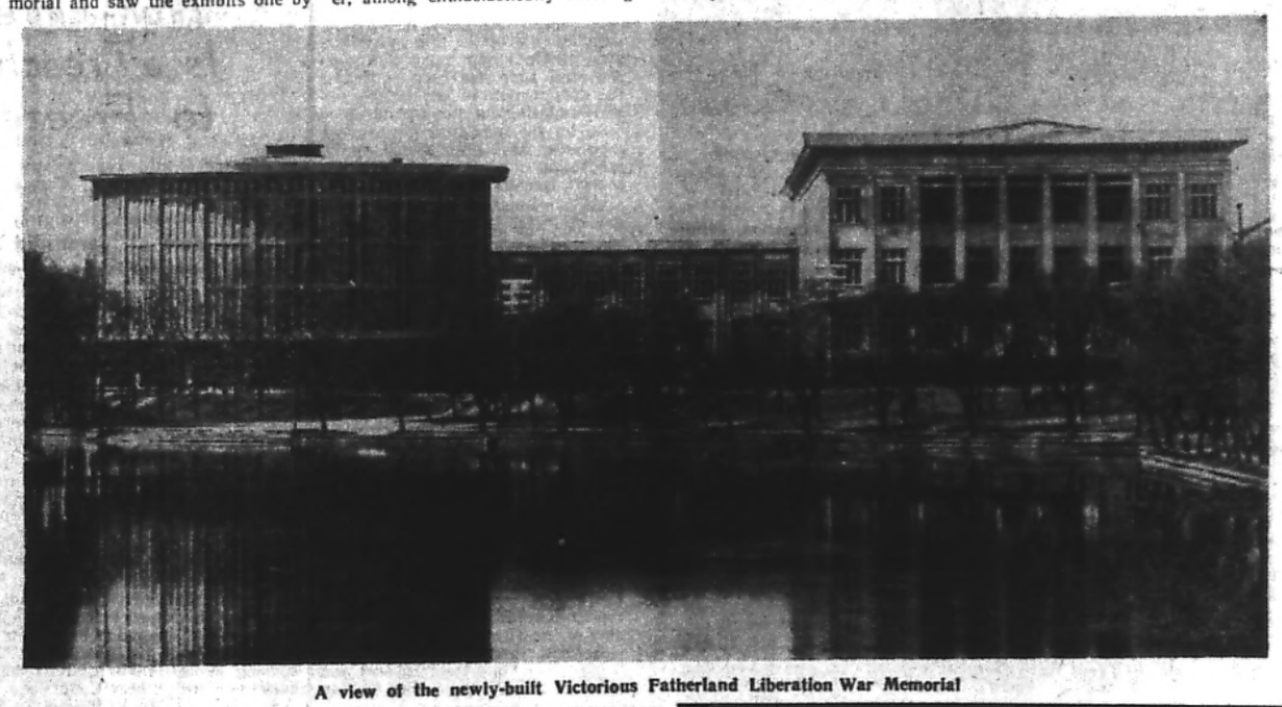
The memorial has over 70 halls including the general introduction hall where is set up with due respect a huge canvas showing the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great military strategist and ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander, among enthusiastically cheering people and soldiers of the People's Army and halls showing the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the democratic revolution and the whole historic period of the Fatherland Liberation War divided into different stages, operations and battle successes of all the arms and services of the Korean People's Army, the feats of the people in the rear in struggle, the beast-like barbarity and defeat of US imperialism, the great victory in the war, and the struggle of our people and People's Army soldiers after the war and a separate hall showing a thrilling scene of the battle for liberating Taejon on a vast panoramic canvas.

On display there are thousands of pieces of photographs and historic mementoes, sculptures, sand-tables, panoramic and radial canvases which are of historic significance.

The memorial will shine for ever as a good site of political and military education infinitely encouraging and inspiring the entire working people and the soldiers of the People's Army to the fruitful struggle for making the great revolutionary ideas of the leader prevail in the whole society and bringing his Juche idea to fuller bloom on this land, handing down to the generations to come the undying feats and merits of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who founded the revolutionary military idea of the working class and won the great victory by employing brilliant strategy and tactics and outstanding war methods.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed satisfaction over the well-furnished memorial and highly praised the officers and men of the People's Army and workers who had displayed all their creative ingenuity in building this grand edifice in a brief time and furnishing its inside.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung posed for a photograph with generals of the KPA and the soldiers who participated in the work for the inauguration of the memorial.



A view of the newly-built Victorious Fatherland Liberation War Memorial

Recently our film workers have produced a number of revolutionary, militant films to celebrate the 62nd birthday of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung of our Party and our people.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"The writers and artists should create a larger number of revolutionary and popular literary and art works, which will help firmly arm the working people with the Juche idea of our Party and rouse them to the energetic revolutionary struggle and constructive work."

The new films produced by our film workers following the leader's teaching include many feature and documentary films and science films that will be much helpful to revolutionizing the whole society and promoting technical and cultural revolutions.

The Korean Documentary Film Studio released documentary films "Great Juche Idea, Revolutionary Banner of Human Emancipation", "Voices of Solidarity for Korea's Independent, Peaceful Reunification", "A Country Where All People Are under Arms", "Shinpo Fish Freezing Plant", "The 10th World Youth and Student Festival" and many others.

The documentary film "Great Juche Idea, Revolutionary Banner of Human Emancipation" well depicts the Scientific Seminar on the Juche Idea of Middle, Near East and African Region held last year in Mogadiscio, the capital of Somalia.

In the meeting hall is put up the leader's respectful portrait. The meeting attended by many delegates from different countries begins with the revolutionary paean "Song of General Kim Il Sung". The delegates speak of the revolutionary essence and basic contents of the Juche idea which came into being in the crucible of the revolution, and substantiate scientifically and theoretically its validity and correctness, its universality and invincible vitality. Impressive is the scene where the attendants adopt a letter addressed to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the father of the Juche idea, with a feeling of deep reverence.

The documentary film "Voices of Solidarity for Korea's Independent, Peaceful Reunification" deals with the meeting of solidarity of the Nordic countries for the independent, peaceful reunification of Korea which was held in Helsinki, Finland. It shows that the five-point proposition for national reunification advanced by the leader on the basis of the great Juche idea is making its way to all the corners of the globe, calling forth lively response and enjoying powerful support from the peace-loving people and progressive public figures of the world.

Meanwhile, the Korean Feature Film Studio put out the colour film "A Girl Director", and the feature film "Path Followed by a Medical Worker". The former emphasizes the idea that nothing is impossible to a man who takes the attitude worthy of a master toward his job. The latter represents the life of a medical worker. The medical worker who lived under US imperialist colonial rule in south Korea is embraced in the bosom of the northern half of the Republic after going through much difficulty. Through this course he comes to realize that there can be no medical science for its own sake and a true medical research is only possible under our socialist system established by the great leader. Through the vivid artistic representation of his life the film shows superiority of our socialist system and correctness of our Party's policy towards intellectuals and its vitality.

The Korean February 8 Feature Film Studio put out two films: "Strong Wing" and "Eyes of Sentry". The "Strong Wing" tells how a grounded pilot of the People's Army fought in the enemy-controlled area during the Fatherland Liberation War. He remains faithful to his lofty political constancy as a revolutionary soldier. The colour film "Eyes of Sentry" is based on the theme of the prevailing situation which calls for heightened revolutionary vigilance.

Besides, the Korean Film Studio of Science and Education produced documentary films "Minerals and Spas in Korea", "Mushroom Plant", "Slaked Lime and Soil", "Short Apple Trees", "Electrolyte" (Part 1 and 2) and others.

All these films produced in the course of "speed-up campaign", are greatly conducive to firmly arming with the great Juche idea our working people who are out in the battle for the huge socialist construction in response to the call of the great leader and the Party centre, and they will help make the whole society pervade throughout with the great Juche idea and powerfully encourage them to perform fresh feats in their labour efforts.

Kim Yun Sik

The hero resolutely protests against an officer of the puppet army who forces him to draw from Koreans the blood to be transfused for wounded soldiers of the US imperialist aggressor army (from the Korean feature film "Path Followed by a Medical Worker")

Members of the Security Force seek people's help to interpret aright the strange sign that appeared at the post (A still from the Korean feature film "Eyes of Sentry")

Joint Meeting of Pyongyang City Organizations of Korean Young Pioneers Corps Held

A grand joint meeting of the Pyongyang city organizations of the Korean Young Pioneers Corps was held in Mangyongdae, the cradle of the revolution, on April 15, the 62nd birthday of the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il Sung.

The meeting took place at the playground of the Red Flag Mangyongdae Revolution School. Put up with due respect on the platform was the portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people and the affectionate father. Seen on the opposite side were huge paintings showing the leader among young pioneers.

Floating high above in the blue sky were huge balloons from which were suspended the streamers with the letters: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!", "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!", "Thank you, Marshal Kim Il Sung" and "We envy nothing in the world."

A letter of pledge to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, was adopted at the meeting amid the stormy applause and rousing cheers of the attendants.

Present at the meeting were cadres of the Party and the Government. Invited there were the Korean nationals from Japan now staying in the homeland.

As the resonant clarion call rang out, echoing through the Mangyong-bong Hill, there began a function of the Young Pioneers Corps.

An open car respectfully carrying a flag bearing a portrait of the great revolutionary leader Marshal Kim Il Sung and an open car carrying the flag of the Pyongyang city organizations of the Korean Young Pioneers Corps slowly entered the meeting place, escorted by several motorcycles carrying young pioneers.

All the young pioneers present there took a solemn oath to become a guard detachment and death-defying corps infinitely loyal to the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung and remain faithful to him forever.

The meeting began with the singing in chorus of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung". Choe Song Su, Chairman of the Pyongyang City Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth, delivered a report.

Many children who had come to receive 10-year compulsory senior middle school education after finishing one-year compulsory pre-school education were admitted to the Korean Young Pioneers Corps.

The fresh young pioneers read loudly "pledge of young pioneers" following Comrade Li O Song, an anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter. In the pledge they made an adamant resolve to carry forward the father Marshal's great revolutionary ideas and become his true sons and daughters.

Cadres, teachers and parents tied red scarves around the necks of the children and pinned Young Pioneers badges on their breasts.

Kang Hyon Su, Chief Secretary of the Pyongyang City Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea made a congratulatory speech.

Then followed the parade of Young Pioneers and Young Red Guardsmen.

After the parade, the mass gymnastic display "Red Flowers of Loyalty Blossoming in Mangyongdae" was performed.

In celebration of the auspicious day of April, similar meetings were also held in different localities.

Kang Tae On

ALL-OUT ADVANCE UNDER THE BANNER OF GREAT SOCIALIST CONSTRUCTION

Great socialist construction is now going on vigorously in our country under the wise guidance of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The whole country is swept by the great upsurge of Chollima, and new miracles and innovations without precedent are being created in all fields of the national economy.

BRIGHT PROSPECT

The prospect of the gigantic socialist construction stepped up by our people is brilliant. At the Eighth Plenary Meeting of the Fifth Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea held some time ago, the leader advanced the task of planting the flag of victory on all heights of the Six-Year Plan as early as possible and indicated the ten major goals of economic construction, the goals to be attained in the years of the next perspective plan to scale a higher eminence of socialism through faster, dynamic advance.

Here are the ten major goals of economic construction:

Steel—12 million tons
Non-ferrous metal—1 million tons
Coal—100 million tons
Electric power—50,000 million kwh
Machinery and equipment—5 million tons
Cement—20 million tons
Marine products—5 million tons
Chemical fertilizer—5 million tons
Reclaimed tideland—100,000 *chongbo*
Grain—10 million tons

This is, indeed, an astonishing leap beyond all precedents, when taking into consideration the fact that in 1970 our country produced 16,500 million kwh of electricity, 27.5 million tons of coal, 2.2 million tons of steel, 1.5 million tons of chemical fertilizer and 4 million tons of cement.

When these magnificent goals are achieved, a new change will take place in the appearance and power of our country, the cradle-land of Juche, and in the life of our people. Our powerful industry will grow incomparably and the industrialization and modernization of agriculture will be carried out and a great progress be made in advancing towards a classless society.

The great blueprint mapped out by the leader—this is a fighting programme which arouses a fresh hope in the minds of our people and calls them to heroic deed and victory.

FIVE FRONTS

The leader always points to the clear-cut fighting goal and sets forth the most correct strategic and tactical policy for its successful attainment. And he leads our people to victory at all times. Now, he clearly showed the basic orientation to be followed for the present in order to successfully ensure the huge socialist construction. He put forward the militant task of concentrating efforts on the five fronts of socialist construction—capital construction front, industrial front, agricultural front, transport front and fisheries front—and of rendering powerful support to these fronts with the concerted effort of the whole Party, the whole country and the entire people.

This gave our people a clear understanding of the magnificent goals and the main tasks on which their efforts should be concentrated at present and they turned out as one for the great socialist construction with full confidence.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"By waging a vigorous struggle for great socialist construction through the general mobilization of all efforts, the whole Party and the entire people must capture ahead of time all heights of the Six-Year Plan by next year and then make all-out advance towards the ten major perspective goals of socialist economic construction."

Our working people rose up to carry out the work of grand socialist construction in hearty response to the call of the leader. Holding aloft the banner of "speed-up campaign" they are carrying on production and construction in a blitzkrieg way with unusual enthusiasm and through mobilization of the strength and wisdom of the collective.

The working people are dashing ahead vigorously at a "new Chollima speed, a new Pyongyang speed"—the "loyalty speed" on the five fronts of socialist construction. At the capital construction front all efforts are concentrated on the successful stepping up of many construction projects—the expansion project of the Kim Chaek Iron Works, the reconstruction and expansion project of the Musan Mine, the second-stage project of the Pukchang Thermal Power Plant, the construction of the Youth Chemical Factory, the Sunchon Cement Factory, etc.

At the construction site of the big power base new generators are put in motion in succession. At the construction site of the large metallurgical centre a new modernly-equipped steel shop has been built and the construction of the large-sized relay-sintering furnace wound up.

As for the industrial front, great successes have been scored in the production of steel, coal, electricity, cement, tractors and automobiles.

The steel-makers under the Ministry of Metal Industry overfulfilled on all indices their March plan which was set much higher than last year. The workers of the tractor plants are also effecting striking innovations in their effort to bring the number of tractors to 70,000-80,000 (in terms of 15 h. p. unit) by July, a task envisaged in the "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country"—this means preschedule fulfilment of the task.

The agricultural working people are attaining great successes in their struggle to fully effect the comprehensive mechanization and chemicalization of agriculture and accelerate its industrialization and modernization and occupy without fail the grain height (6.5-7 million tons) of the Six-Year Plan this year, the tenth anniversary of the publication of the Theses.

Besides, great innovations are being made on the transport and fisheries fronts.

Kim Su Yon

Workers are hurrying with manufacture of coal mine equipment through a vigorous "speed-up campaign"

A Height of 12 Million-ton Steel Is Seen Just beyond a New Horizon

New targets to be hit in the next perspective plan period are already set before our people who are now putting fresh spurs to the vigorous Chollima advance to scale all the heights of the Six-Year Plan by October 10 next year.

The targets are the ten major goals for economic construction set forth by the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the 8th Plenary Meeting of the 5th Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

First among these goals comes the height of 12 million tons of steel. It is because the scaling of this height affects other heights.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"In order to develop our national economy and improve our people's standard of living, we need a lot of steel. Therefore, the metal industry should be developed."

In our country firm foundations have already been laid for developing the ferrous metallurgical industry.

The Musan Mine in the northern region of our country has considerably huge magnetite deposits.

The prospect of the Toksong Mine is also splendid. Development projects are now under way in order to boost the production capacity to a marked extent in a year or two.

New promising iron ore reserves are being exploited in many areas including Sohaeri.

Thus, our country today is in a position to produce a lot of hematite, magnetite, siderite, iron sand ore and many other iron ores and these rich natural resources serve the rapid development of the ferrous metallurgical industry.

Under the wise guidance of the leader there have been built throughout the country powerful bases of the ferrous metallurgical industry which is developing in a many-sided way and equipped with modern technology.

The Hwanghae Iron and Steel Complex, the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Complex, the Kangson Steel Complex, the Songjin Steel Works, the Chongjin Steel Works and many other iron and steel works of our country have become fully equipped, with perfect production processes.

Our ferrous metallurgical industry equipped with all production processes from pig iron to steel, rolled steel and goods of second-stage metal processing, can now produce high-speed steel, acid-proof and heat-resisting steel, bearing steel, steel for electric goods, special steel and various other high-quality steel. It also can produce many kinds of standardized steel such as heavy rail, W-shaped steel, rib-shaped steel for shipbuilding, thin steel plate, thick steel plate for shipbuilding, thick iron rod and thin steel line.

In order to scale the height of 12 million-ton steel our country is directing great attention to the expansion of the existing iron and steel works to a great extent.

In the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Complex the construction of a modernly-equipped steel workshop and a large-size relay-sintering furnace has already been completed. Now work to build a large blast furnace, a hot rolling work shop and a coke oven within this year is well under way. Meanwhile, work will soon be started to build another larger scale blast furnace and the capacity of steel and rolled steel production will also be expanded to scale a higher eminence of steel.

The expansion project of the Kangson Steel Complex and the construction of a steel workshop of the Songjin Steel Works will be undertaken.

The Taedong-gang Iron and Steel Works, a large-size, modern ferrous metallurgical base, is under construction and the construction of an electric iron furnace in the western region is progressing apace.

All this suggests that the height of steel envisaged in the Six-Year Plan will be scaled before the 30th anniversary of the Party which falls on October 10, 1975 and a few years later steel output will amount to 12 million tons.

Particularly, thanks to the wise policy of the leader to develop the iron industry relying on our own fuel, a new method to produce more pig iron with smaller use of coking coal has been invented and method of manufacturing iron by using home-produced fuel also introduced in production.

In the April 13 Iron Works and other granulated iron and semi-steel producing centres which use home-produced anthracite as their fuel, production is placed on a normal basis and revolving furnaces, sponge iron furnaces and semi-steel furnaces have been built. Great success has been achieved in the research into reduced pellets, reduced ball ore and electric iron-manufacturing and this success is introduced in production. This has resulted in the promotion of the construction of a new metallurgical plant for electric iron-manufacturing.

In this way, Juche-oriented metallurgical bases have been firmly built in all parts of the country.

Thanks to our firm material foundations and highly developed science and technology we can see before us broad vistas leading to the height of 12 million ton steel and we will rise to such a height in the near future, a few years later.

Pak Ju Sol

NO FORCE CAN CHECK THE SOUTH KOREAN PEOPLE'S STRUGGLE

On the Occasion of the 14th Anniversary of April 19 Popular Uprising

Our people marked the 14th anniversary of the heroic April 19 Popular Uprising of the south Korean people at a time when they were waging dynamic struggle to frustrate the manoeuvres of the splittists within and without and hasten victory in their historic cause of national reunification under the uplifted banner of the great Juche idea of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The April Popular Uprising that swept across south Korea in the spring of 1960, 14 years ago, was the eruption of the resentment and wrath of the south Korean people which had long been pent up under the tyranny of US imperialism and Syngman Rhee puppet clique. It was a mass resistance struggle against US imperialism and for national salvation.

The US imperialists pursued the policies of military aggression and colonial enslavement from the outset of their occupation of south Korea and converted it into a land of darkness, their complete colony and military base for aggression, where terrorism and massacre are rampant. Thus the south Korean people were entirely devoid of rights and reduced to pauperism.

Such situation aggravated the national and class contradictions in south Korea and the resentment and indignation of the popular masses against US imperialism and the Syngman Rhee "regime" arose to a crescendo. This impelled them towards the fight for the freedom and liberation, for a new government and a new life.

Particularly, the south Korean people were highly inspired by the happy life the people in the northern half of the Republic were enjoying under the most advanced socialist system thanks to the wise guidance of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation, and by the amazing achievements they were making in their socialist construction.

The April Popular Uprising, occasioned by the violent advance of the citizens in Masan against the Syngman Rhee puppet clique's March 15 election swindle, spread all over south Korea in a flash and developed into a nation-wide uprising at last. It involved millions of the people of all sections in nearly all the towns and rural villages in south Korea.

The indignant revolters attacked the "Kyongmudae" (the then Syngman Rhee's residence in Seoul) and the "central government building" like angry tigers in the teeth of the enemy's armed suppression, roaring: "Syngman Rhee, quit!" "Down with the police state!", and "Let's win back down-trodden democracy!" The bloody struggle that lasted over a month culminated in overthrowing the Syngman Rhee dictatorial regime called an "iron-strong power".

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung stated:

"The April Popular Uprising clearly demonstrated the heroic mettle of the south Korean people and proved that if the masses pool their strength and rise in a struggle against the oppressors, they can certainly crush any enemy stronghold. With the April 19 Uprising the crisis of the colonial rule of US imperialism deepened in south Korea, and the situation turned in favour of the revolution." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Eng. ed., Vol. V, p. 477.)

The April Popular Uprising as mentioned by the leader was indeed an event of great, historic importance in the development of the popular movement in south Korea.

Through their heroic struggle the south Korean student youth chucked out traitor Syngman Rhee who had thrown his lot with the outside forces and betrayed the nation for a long time. This meant the total bankruptcy of the traitor's policy of depending on the foreign forces. Their struggle shook US imperialist colonial rule to its very foundation and drove the enemies to bay.

What the people gained by shedding blood, however, was snatched by the US imperialists and the different lackeys of theirs.

Traitor Pak Jung Hi usurped the "regime" through the "military coup" engineered under instructions from US imperialism on May 16, 1961 and established the diabolical military fascist dictatorship in south Korea.

Since then, it has turned into a land of darkness reminiscent of the Middle Ages. There man's dignity is trampled underfoot, freedom is stamped out and public morality destroyed; the bankruptcy and ruin make the people's life hopeless; the people, crying for the right to existence, are held in bondage to the intelligence politics; they are without the slightest semblance of the freedom of speech.

South Korea was placed under the "state of emergency". Recently there followed another proclamation like the "emergency measures", aimed to further strengthen the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's "revitalization system", which has reduced south Korea to a horrible living hell.

The criminal manoeuvres of the traitors to perpetuate the split of the country and turn south Korea into a permanent colony and military base of US imperialism and a commodity market of Japanese militarism have now reached the zenith.

In such situation, no one can remain indifferent to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's fascist despotism and acts of selling the country, if he is concerned for the future of the nation and cherishes man's dignity.

Today the student youth and people of different social strata are waging vigorous mass struggle for national salvation under the banner of anti-fascism, anti-"government" and anti-foreign forces in defiance of the barbarous, fascist suppression of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

They are denouncing the fascist bandits for their treacherous acts of selling the country and savage repression and are calling for abrogation of the notorious "revitalization constitution" and "emergency measures", the dissolution of the "Central Intelligence Agency," release of the detained students, the freedoms of speech, the press, assembly, association and demonstration, for termination of the policy of dependence on Japan and for steady prices.

Scared by this, the puppet bandits have recently proclaimed the man-hunting "emergency measure No. 4" to step up the suppression.

Under it student youth and people demanding democratization of the society and reunification of the country are sentenced to imprisonment or execution. Steps have been taken even to mobilize the puppet army troops in the repressive campaign.

The fascist hangmen mobilize the fully-armed policemen to put down the peaceful demonstrators savagely, arresting and jailing them at random.

No suppression at the point of bayonet by the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique nor their outrageous repression can ever break the burning spirit of the patriotic student youth and people who have risen in a just struggle and soothe their wrath which has been exploded like an active volcano.

The student youth and people will never give in before whatever armed repression, threats and intimidation of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique but, holding higher the banner of anti-fascism, democratization and national reunification, will smash the treacheries of the puppet bandits and their "revitalized" dictatorship and administer crushing blows at them.

Pak Hae Chon

"Non-aggression Pact" Is a Treacherous Slogan to Freeze the Split

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth, in his historic March 4 speech, a wise line for accelerating the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, in which he exposed the reactionary nature and falsity of the so-called "non-aggression pact" proposed by the south Korean puppet clique.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out:

"The so-called 'non-aggression pact' suggested by the south Korean authorities sometime ago is merely designed to flout the nation with the question of reunification."

These words of the leader's which fully disclose the treacherous and reactionary nature and true colors of the so-called "non-aggression pact" have come as a hard blow to the Pak Jung Hi clique, a horde of traitors to the nation who, with the backing of the foreign forces, have doggedly been hampering national reunification and causing immeasurable miseries and sufferings to the people.

The "non-aggression pact" proposed by the puppet clique is an outcome of their vicious plot to cover up the war racket and splitting acts and divert the public attention.

As pointed out by the leader, their proposal to conclude a "non-aggression pact" while leaving the US imperialist aggressor forces to stay in south Korea is merely designed to mock at the people.

Leaving the US imperialist aggression troops to remain in south Korea means leaving a wolf free though she has crept into a man's house. After all, it means that they have no intention to settle the matters.

The south Korean people can neither free themselves from the misery of today, nor can they get rid of the foreign interference in solving the reunification problem, an internal affair of our nation, nor can the danger of war be eliminated from our country, to long as the US imperialist aggressor forces are left to stay in south Korea.

The US imperialist occupation of south Korea is a main stumbling-block to national reunification, a very root cause of our people's misery and distress and an ever-present source of war in our country.

The basic reason our country has been divided into two, the north and the south and national reunification has not yet been achieved is that the US imperialists occupy south Korea by force of arms.

The US imperialists keep south Korea under the occupation by their aggression troops. Using this as a lever, they are enforcing the policy of reducing south Korea to their colony and military base and are egging their puppets in south Korea on to the military confrontation with us. Further, they are hindering Korea's reunification, outrageously trampling down the national sovereignty of our people.

That is why the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor forces from south Korea is a prerequisite to easing tension in our country and eliminating the cause of war.

At the same time, it is an indispensable guarantee that will enable our people to solve the reunification problem with their own force on the basis of the principle of independence and in conformity with their own will and interests.

In a word, the south Korean puppets' proposal to conclude a "non-aggression pact" with the prolonged presence of the US imperialist aggression troops in south Korea is an attempt to continue their treacherous acts of selling the country with the backing of the US imperialist aggressor forces now occupying south Korea. It is a trick designed to cover up the latter's crime of spelling immeasurable miseries to our people by keeping our country divided, and conciliate the world public opinion which is strongly calling for the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor army from south Korea.

It is, in the final analysis, an intrigue to leave south Korea under the permanent occupation of the US imperialist aggressor forces and keep our nation split for ever. The so-called "non-aggression pact" is nothing but a treacherous slogan, a slogan for split.

Originally, non-aggression is a matter to be taken up by different countries. In putting forward the proposal for a "non-aggression pact", the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique proceed from the premises that the north and the south of our single country are two countries. This sort of proposal only testifies to the fact that they are a mere performer dancing to the script the US imperialists have written in an effort to freeze the temporary division of our country for ever.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's attempt to "negotiate" with us by putting forward this sort of proposal is utterly ridiculous.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"As is generally known to the world, it is not the south Korean authorities but the US commander acting as 'UN commander' who holds the commanding power over the south Korean armed forces and it is also the US imperialists who have their grip on guns, rifles and all other means of war.

"Under these conditions it is utterly ridiculous for the empty-handed south Korean rulers to propose us to conclude a 'non-aggression pact', leaving the US imperialist aggressor forces to stay in south Korea. Their proposal is not worth discussing at all."

As stated by the leader, it is not the south Korean stooges but the US commander acting as "UN commander" who holds the commanding power over the south Korean armed forces. The US imperialists have their firm grip on the entire puppet armed forces of south Korea—ground, naval and air—and retain the right to keep guns, rifles and other means of war at their disposal.

As for the Pak Jung Hi clique, they are a pack of dyed-in-the-wool dummies who have to get permission from the commander of the US imperialist aggressor forces in south Korea and from the US army advisor under his command in dealing with any matter ranging from formation and movement of the puppet army to promotion of officers, training of rank and file and supply of shells and bullets, etc. They are a group of puppets who barely keep themselves alive only with the backing of weapons provided by US imperialism. They are a band of traitors and splittists who implore the prolonged presence of the US imperialist aggression troops in south Korea and clamour for national split at every opportunity available.

Even today when the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are noisily advertising the "non-aggression pact", the US imperialists are leading the situation in our country not to peace but to war by instigating with greater zeal their puppets in south Korea to commit provocations against us and, at the same time, by sending high-speed, high-altitude reconnaissance planes into the air space of the northern half of the Republic one after another to conduct espionage acts and by increasing their military aid to south Korea and so on, so forth.

Conclusion of a "non-aggression pact" can never help toward guaranteeing peace in Korea and paving the way for national reunification because the "pact" seeks the north-south confrontation and permanent split of the nation, allowing the US imperialist aggressor forces to continue to occupy south Korea.

In order to consolidate peace in Korea and open up an avenue for its reunification it is necessary, first of all, to end the interference of US imperialism in the domestic affairs of our country, make its aggressor army withdraw from south Korea, remove military confrontation between the north and the south, eliminate tension and convert the unstable armistice into a durable peace.

The whole process of the hitherto-held north-south dialogue shows that the south Korean fascist ruling quarters have all along keyed up tension in our country, dead set against our side's proposal to conclude a peace agreement between the north and the south for the purpose of consolidating peace in Korea and paving the way for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country. It also shows that the aforesaid urgent problems can never be solved through negotiations with the south Korean rulers because they have no intention and ability at all to do so.

The Third Session of the Fifth Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK proposed, as a practical measure to create the prerequisites to removing tension in Korea and promoting its independent, peaceful reunification, to conclude a peace agreement with the United States, a signatory to the Korean Armistice Agreement, which holds the commanding power over the south Korean armed forces and has its grips on all the means of war. This proposal of ours reflects the demand of the reality.

If the military armistice agreement now in force is replaced with a peace agreement to be concluded between the DPRK and the United States, the basic cause of war danger will be removed from Korea, tension between the north and the south be relaxed substantially and, accordingly, a favourable condition be provided so that the Korean people may settle the question of national reunification independently according to their own will and in a peaceful way without any interference of the outside forces. Further, an epochal opportunity will be offered to convert the ceasefire into durable peace in Korea, and an important condition be created to consolidate peace and security in the Far East and in other parts of Asia.

The historic speech made by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung throws a revealing light on the reactionary nature and falsity of the "non-aggression pact" proposed by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. It is the declaration of the bankruptcy of their criminal slogan and it has demonstrated again at home and abroad that we have been making every possible, sincere effort to consolidate peace in Korea and accelerate the country's reunification.

If the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique stick to an absurd slogan like "non-aggression pact" in an attempt to flout the public opinion, cloak the occupation of south Korea by the US imperialist aggressor forces, maintain tension and freeze the split of the country, they will leave behind them the indelible disgrace as traitors.

Kang Son

Congratulations to Sierra Leonean People on Their Red-letter Day

April 19 this year marks the third anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of Sierra Leone.

Following the proclamation of the Republic, the Sierra Leonean people have waged a vigorous struggle to consolidate national independence and attain the country's prosperity under the leadership of President Siaka Probyn Stevens.

Thus, the foundation of an independent national economy was laid gradually and the people freed from centuries-old backwardness and poverty step by step.

The path traversed by the Sierra Leonean people following the proclamation of the Republic was not smooth. The US-led imperialists intrigued to invade Sierra Leone and topple her government time and again. But each time the brave Sierra Leonean people successfully frustrated their machination and honourably defended their revolutionary gains.

The Sierra Leonean Government nationalized diamond companies and other mining companies owned by the imperialist monopolies to wipe out their economic foothold and lay a firm foundation for the prosperity and development of the country.

The anti-imperialist, independent measures taken by Sierra Leone and her resolute anti-imperialist stand became a decisive factor for all victories of her people.

For the commonness of the bitter past, the Korean people always stand on the side of the Sierra Leonean people and firmly support their revolutionary cause. The Korean people rejoice over the successes made by the Sierra Leonean people as their own.

We are grateful to the Sierra Leonean people for their active support to our people's struggle for the country's independent, peaceful reunification.

The Korean people who value the friendship and solidarity with the Sierra Leonean people sincerely wish them more brilliant successes in their struggle against imperialism and for the consolidation of their country's independence.

Yun Hae Ik

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